

ESPS PEER REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Obstetrics and Gynecology

ESPS manuscript NO: 14605

Title: HIGH PREVALENCE OF POST-PARTUM DEPRESSION IN WOMEN WITH COELIAC DISEASE

Reviewer code: 00001787

Science editor: Ya-Juan Ma

Date sent for review: 2014-06-20 20:18

Date reviewed: 2014-06-23 22:18

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existing	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	BPG Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input type="checkbox"/> Existing	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

I appreciate reading this valuable MS on psychologic condition in Celiac Disease. However, updating the Celiac Disease diagnosis to the new Oslo classification plus providing more clinical data on the organic condition are both a must. No other suggestions on this side.

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Title: HIGH PREVALENCE OF POST-PARTUM DEPRESSION IN WOMEN WITH COELIAC DISEASE

Reviewer code: 02529197

Science editor: Ya-Juan Ma

Date sent for review: 2014-06-20 20:18

Date reviewed: 2014-07-05 04:52

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	RECOMMENDATION	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Existing	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> No records	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input type="checkbox"/> Existing	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> No records	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

In patients with diagnosed celiac disease (CD) might be observed symptoms involving not only gastrointestinal tract but also other systems for instance neurological, endocrine or psychiatric disturbances. In the manuscript "High prevalence of post-partum depression in women with celiac disease" the authors present psychiatric disorders - showing higher incidence of post-partum depression (PPD) in patients with CD in comparison to healthy women controls. In conclusions the authors suggest performing the screening for PPD in all women with CD for early detection and prompt treatment of this condition, however in my opinion this is a far-fetched proposition. I would like to underline that the authors in details present limitations of their manuscript, what is important in the assessment of the whole manuscript. From the gastrological point of view this is a well written paper, but in my opinion, it should be evaluated by a psychiatrist to assess accuracy of psychological tests used for the assessment of depression.