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PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Critical Care Medicine

Manuscript NO: 89085

Title: Adding vortexing to the Maki technique provides no benefit for the diagnosis of catheter colonization or catheter-related bacteremia

Provenance and peer review: Invited Manuscript; Externally peer reviewed

Peer-review model: Single blind

Reviewer's code: 05371577

Position: Peer Reviewer

Academic degree: BSc

Professional title: Research Assistant

Reviewer's Country/Territory: China

Author's Country/Territory: Spain

Manuscript submission date: 2023-10-20

Reviewer chosen by: Yu-Lu Chen

Reviewer accepted review: 2023-12-18 02:42

Reviewer performed review: 2023-12-18 03:24

Review time: 1 Hour

	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Very good [Y] Grade C:
Scientific quality	Good
	[] Grade D: Fair [] Grade E: Do not publish
Novelty of this manuscript	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [Y] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No novelty
Creativity or innovation of	[] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [Y] Grade C: Fair
this manuscript	[] Grade D: No creativity or innovation



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Scientific significance of the conclusion in this manuscript	 [] Grade A: Excellent [] Grade B: Good [Y] Grade C: Fair [] Grade D: No scientific significance
Language quality	[] Grade A: Priority publishing [Y] Grade B: Minor language polishing [] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing [] Grade D: Rejection
Conclusion	 [] Accept (High priority) [] Accept (General priority) [] Minor revision [Y] Major revision [] Rejection
Re-review	[]Yes [Y]No
Peer-reviewer statements	Peer-Review: [Y] Anonymous [] Onymous Conflicts-of-Interest: [] Yes [Y] No

SPECIFIC COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The novel finding of this study was that the combined use of vortexing and Maki techniques did not provide profitability to the Maki technique alone for the diagnosis of CTC and CRBSI. But the number of examples and the results cannot infer this conclusion well.