

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Clinical Infectious Diseases

ESPS manuscript NO: 16680

Title: Origin of de novo daptomycin non susceptible enterococci

Reviewer's code: 00506590

Reviewer's country: United States

Science editor: Yue-Li Tian

Date sent for review: 2015-01-28 11:52

Date reviewed: 2015-03-05 03:43

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

I have very minor comments about the manuscript entitled "Origin of de novo Daptomycin Non-susceptible Enterococci" that I hope can be fulfilled in order to make this review and hypothesis stronger. In general the review is interesting and easy to read with up to date information. I think it is relevant and deserves to be published so it can help physicians and public health workers in managing preventive and therapeutic measures against these antibiotic resistant microorganisms. 1) The author should describe the antibiotic per se including the origin and if available the mechanism of action. This might help understanding the relation with the environment related non-susceptible isolates characterized and their co-evolution. 2) The routes of infection and types of pathologies and how prevalent are these pathogens should be introduced first as well specific data about mortality and morbidity if available. 3) Are the genes linked with the resistance present in mobile genetic material such as bacteriophages or transposons? 4) Mention that enterococci are facultative anaerobes and how that could impact the development of daptomycin non-susceptible microbes.

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Clinical Infectious Diseases

ESPS manuscript NO: 16680

Title: Origin of de novo daptomycin non susceptible enterococci

Reviewer's code: 00506481

Reviewer's country: India

Science editor: Yue-Li Tian

Date sent for review: 2015-01-28 11:52

Date reviewed: 2015-01-28 13:47

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The manuscript can be very useful to the scientific community and deserves publication as proper use of antibiotics and changes in microbial resistance are to be dealt with in a stringent manner for patient care and improved public health.