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ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Transplantation
ESPS manuscript NO: 20896
Title: Mineral and bone disorder after kidney transplantation
Reviewer's code: 00503260
Reviewer's country: Japan
Science editor: Xue-Mei Gong
Date sent for review: 2015-06-27 21:01
Date reviewed: 2015-08-09 17:32

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
[ ] Grade A: Excellent	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	[ ] Accept
[Y] Grade B: Very good	[ ] Grade B: Minor language polishing	[ ] The same title	[ ] High priority for publication
[ ] Grade C: Good	[ ] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	[ ] Duplicate publication	[ ] Rejection
[ ] Grade D: Fair	[ ] Grade D: Rejected	[ ] Plagiarism	[Y] Minor revision
[ ] Grade E: Poor		[Y] No	[ ] Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		[ ] The same title	
		[ ] Duplicate publication	
		[ ] Plagiarism	
		[Y] No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The authors reviewed mineral and bone disorder after kidney transplantation. This manuscript is important and well written. However, some concerns are raised. (1) The authors indicated that vitamin D deficiency can promote allograft rejection and the development of post-transplant malignancies. However, the contents are not indicated, because the authors judged that the details of this topic are beyond the scope of this review. I partially agree with the authors' decision. However, this topic is important. Therefore, the authors should indicate the concerns briefly. (2) The section for "Outcomes"(page 7, 2nd paragraph) should be moved before summary section (page 13, 2nd paragraph).

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ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Transplantation
ESPS manuscript NO: 20896
Title: Mineral and bone disorder after kidney transplantation
Reviewer's code: 00503199
Reviewer's country: Greece
Science editor: Xue-Mei Gong
Date sent for review: 2015-06-27 21:01
Date reviewed: 2015-07-25 04:53

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
[ ] Grade A: Excellent	[Y] Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	[ ] Accept
[ ] Grade B: Very good	[ ] Grade B: Minor language polishing	[ ] The same title	[ ] High priority for publication
[Y] Grade C: Good	[ ] Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	[ ] Duplicate publication	[ ] Rejection
[ ] Grade D: Fair	[ ] Grade D: Rejected	[ ] Plagiarism	[Y] Minor revision
[ ] Grade E: Poor		[Y] No	[ ] Major revision
		BPG Search:	
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		[ ] Duplicate publication	
		[ ] Plagiarism	
		[Y] No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Minor Comments P4. ?The use of calcimimetic drug during the waiting period can also influence the degree of hyperparathyroidism after transplantation. In a study that compared patients who had been on cinacalcet during the waiting period and then discontinued after transplantation to those who had never been on the drug revealed a higher incidence of post-transplant nephrocalcinosis and parathyroidectomy[20]?. (in the later patients???, Please clarify) P5: In addition to the (reduced) sunlight exposure, (the use of sun protectors), and the (decreased) kidney function, immunosuppressive drugs especially high doses of steroid, metabolic syndrome and obesity are also associated with 25-OH-D deficiency P6: (The) A recently published…. Figure 1b: CKD stage is not a continuous variable, thus I'm not sure that this kind of graph is appropriate P10: "According to these data, oral bisphosphonate with or without active vitamin D should be given to KT recipients with osteopenia and/or osteoporosis during the first year after kidney transplantation". Even in those with steroid withdrawl?