

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Virology

ESPS manuscript NO: 16163

Title: Women's willingness to be tested for human immunodeficiency virus during pregnancy: A review

Reviewer's code: 00506431

Reviewer's country: Australia

Science editor: Xue-Mei Gong

Date sent for review: 2015-01-02 19:17

Date reviewed: 2015-01-11 11:17

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This is generally a well-written paper. I've made some comments about Caesarean section in the uploaded revision and corrected some minor errors. The referencing appears to be a little incomplete and there are some Internet addresses missing.

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Virology

ESPS manuscript NO: 16163

Title: Women's willingness to be tested for human immunodeficiency virus during pregnancy: A review

Reviewer's code: 00506601

Reviewer's country: United States

Science editor: Xue-Mei Gong

Date sent for review: 2015-01-02 19:17

Date reviewed: 2015-02-11 05:07

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

This is a fairly in depth review article of publications mainly from sub-Saharan Africa but also covering the United States looking at the reasons why women are willing to be tested for HIV and get their results during their pregnancy. Specific comments Page 3 Second sentence. The authors say that most African countries have also adopted routine HIV testing policies, with nearly half of them adopting them in 2006. This sentence needs to be clarified is it Most (and what does that mean) or is it half) or is the date that is important. Last paragraph, third line down. The author's state that 'First, results of a systematic review and meta-analysis showed that HIV incidence is high making HIV testing during pregnancy especially important. They don't say where and the reference does not tell you where. This should be stated since I am sure this is not the case in the United States. The rest of the paper covers data from Africa which is appropriate since most of the HIV maternal infections are in that part of the world.