

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Nephrology

ESPS manuscript NO: 22676

Title: Experimental models of renal calcium stones in rodents

Reviewer's code: 01704618

Reviewer's country: United States

Science editor: Fang-Fang Ji

Date sent for review: 2015-09-17 10:32

Date reviewed: 2015-10-03 03:14

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

In this manuscript, is a review of literature describing various experimental values of renal calcium stone in rodents. The manuscript is written clearly however I have a few comments that may improve the manuscript. 1. The most important point is that in each section I recommend the authors indicate the strengths and limitations of that specific model alternatively the strengths and limitations could be added to tables provided. 2. In several instances the statements without citation. Introduction line 13 minor points in genetically modified animals should be medullar collecting ducts and in "small bowel resection" should be distal ilium.

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Nephrology

ESPS manuscript NO: 22676

Title: Experimental models of renal calcium stones in rodents

Reviewer's code: 00506304

Reviewer's country: Thailand

Science editor: Fang-Fang Ji

Date sent for review: 2015-09-17 10:32

Date reviewed: 2015-10-14 21:29

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		[Y] No	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		[Y] No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

General comments Bilbault and Haymann comprehensively reviewed the rodent models of nephrolithiasis and nephrocalcinosis, the latter of which is much easier to be induced in rodents. For example, hyperoxaluria induced by oxalate infusion leads to nephrocalcinosis in rats. The animal models of renal stone are certainly valuable for better understanding of nephrolithiasis and nephrocalcinosis in humans. Specific comments 1. The authors may discuss whether calcium intake and intestinal calcium absorption as well as conditions with enhanced bone resorption determine the severity of nephrocalcinosis. 2. Amounts of dietary calcium, phosphorus, and vitamin D should be provided, perhaps in the "animal model" column of the tables. 3. Please check typographical errors, such as "deshydrogenase" in the hydroxyproline section.

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Nephrology

ESPS manuscript NO: 22676

Title: Experimental models of renal calcium stones in rodents

Reviewer's code: 00625196

Reviewer's country: Austria

Science editor: Fang-Fang Ji

Date sent for review: 2015-09-17 10:32

Date reviewed: 2015-10-16 22:40

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		[Y] No	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		[Y] No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

The mini review of Bilbault and Haymann gives an important overview of animal models for studying renal calcium stones. Relevant information is provided in a condensed manner. The authors also discuss future aspects and necessary improvements in the respective research field. The manuscript perfectly meets the scope of the World Journal of Nephrology.