

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Nephrology

ESPS manuscript NO: 21820

Title: Inflammation and nutrition in children with chronic kidney disease

Reviewer's code: 00503339

Reviewer's country: United States

Science editor: Yue-Li Tian

Date sent for review: 2015-07-31 14:18

Date reviewed: 2015-07-31 20:19

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		[Y] No	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		BPG Search:	
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		[Y] No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

Well composed review of a puzzling concept: What mechanism explains the poor nutrition and decreased survival of children with chronic kidney disease? While the literature review is complete, two puzzling concepts need to be at least mentioned: 1. In adults with CKD and advanced renal failure, being overweight, including morbid obesity is associated with better survival than is normal weight. Multiple studies make this point which has been termed "The Obesity Paradox". Some comment as to why overweight children may have a less favorable survival should be included. 2. As a generalization, survival studies in rodents (mice and rats) with CKD and/or ESRD have not found that excess weight is a negative factor as in human studies. Appreciating that CKD in children is still only partially understood, this review is interesting and generally well written.

ESPS PEER-REVIEW REPORT

Name of journal: World Journal of Nephrology

ESPS manuscript NO: 21820

Title: Inflammation and nutrition in children with chronic kidney disease

Reviewer's code: 00503176

Reviewer's country: Croatia

Science editor: Yue-Li Tian

Date sent for review: 2015-07-31 14:18

Date reviewed: 2015-07-31 23:00

CLASSIFICATION	LANGUAGE EVALUATION	SCIENTIFIC MISCONDUCT	CONCLUSION
<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Excellent	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Grade A: Priority publishing	Google Search:	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> Accept
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Very good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade B: Minor language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	<input type="checkbox"/> High priority for publication
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: Good	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade C: A great deal of language polishing	<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	<input type="checkbox"/> Rejection
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Fair	<input type="checkbox"/> Grade D: Rejected	<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	<input type="checkbox"/> Minor revision
<input type="checkbox"/> Grade E: Poor		BPG Search:	<input type="checkbox"/> Major revision
		<input type="checkbox"/> The same title	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Duplicate publication	
		<input type="checkbox"/> Plagiarism	
		<input checked="" type="checkbox"/> No	

COMMENTS TO AUTHORS

I enjoyed reading the manuscript. (p. 11, line 5 from top - a typing error - acronym for "nuclear factor kappa B" is written with "beta", but it should be B as it is throughout the manuscript).