




**Baishideng
Publishing
Group**

7041 Koll Center Parkway, Suite
160, Pleasanton, CA 94566, USA
Telephone: +1-925-223-8242
Fax: +1-925-223-8243
E-mail: bpgoffice@wjgnet.com
https:// www.wjgnet.com

Dear Reviewers,

- 1) Firstly, severe vaginal bleeding leads to anemia in pregnant women, and then through the placental oxygen supply and nutrient deficiency to meet fetal growth needs. Eventually it causes fetal growth restriction, fetal distress or stillbirth. Secondly, the blood is diluted due to an increase in blood volume during pregnancy and an increase in plasma more than red blood cells. Severe vaginal bleeding can cause hemorrhagic shock in pregnant women, even life-threatening.
- 2) Severe vaginal bleeding can cause life endangered. The main cause of vaginal bleeding for the mother is pregnancy. So, termination of pregnancy is the best solution to the problem.
- 3) We cannot really generalize this type of termination in all cases. Suction curettage is a safe way to terminate hydatidiform moles for early pregnancy. However, a mid-term pregnancy with a relatively large fetus precludes the use of suction curettage. Caesarean section terminations may be a safer therapeutic strategy during the second trimester with regard to the risk of developing persistent gestational trophoblastic disease. In short, each case is certainly special and should be treated separately.
- 4) I have read a lot of documents and only found two cases that were terminated using caesarean section in the 2nd trimester. For details, please refer to references 20 and 21 in

the article. Moreover, I have already uploaded the informed consent form of the patient.

 **上海市第一人民医院**
SHANGHAI GENERAL HOSPITAL
上海交通大学附属第一人民医院
上海市红十字医院

姓名: _____ 科别: 产科病房(南院) 病区: 3A护士站 床号: 20 _____

手术知情同意书

姓名: _____ 性别: 女 年龄: 38岁 入院日期: 2016-04-11 11:46
患者疾病诊断: (G2P0 孕23+2周 LOA 未临产 妊娠期高血压 高龄产妇 不良孕产史 IVP术后 部分性葡萄胎)

手术适应症: 部分性葡萄胎

拟定手术: 剖宫取胎术

拟施麻醉方式: 腰麻

手术风险及并发症:

1. 麻醉意外	9. 术后肠粘连、肠梗阻
2. 术中、术后出血, 输血可能	10. 术后血栓性静脉炎
3. 胎盘粘连、植入	11. 子宫内异症, 发生败血症可能
4. 术中周围脏器损伤	12. 葡萄胎侵袭转移可能
5. 羊水栓塞	13. 术中大出血需要切除子宫
6. 术后病理为侵袭性葡萄胎或者有远处侵袭转移, 需要化疗或二次手术可能	
7. 术后切口感染、血肿、裂开, 愈合不良	
8. 术后宫缩乏力, 产后出血, 药物应用, 子宫切除可能	

替代医疗方案:

对上述手术风险及并发症, 如患者或代理人不理解可以向医师咨询, 在患者或代理人充分理解以后, 自主决定是否选择手术治疗或按替代医疗方案实施。请在本文书上写明意见并签名。

患者选择意见: 同意手术 (必须手写, “同意拟定手术”或者“同意替代医疗方案”)

患者: _____ 16年 4月 26日

手术者: _____ 经治医师签名: _____ 16年 4月 26日

第 1 页



**Baishideng
Publishing
Group**

7041 Koll Center Parkway, Suite
160, Pleasanton, CA 94566, USA

Telephone: +1-925-223-8242

Fax: +1-925-223-8243

E-mail: bpgoffice@wjgnet.com

<https://www.wjgnet.com>