

Answering reviewer's comments:

We very much appreciate the careful reading of our manuscript and valuable suggestions of the reviewer. We have carefully studied the comments and have revised the manuscript accordingly. The point to point responds to the reviewer's comments are listed as following:

Major point :

1) The title is inadequately. The information of angiosarcoma should be added such as the following. "A rare case of gastrointestinal bleeding caused by jejunal angiosarcoma"

Answer: Your suggestion is greatly appreciated. We agree and therefore revise the title to: A rare case of gastrointestinal bleeding caused by jejunal angiosarcoma: A case report.

2) The diagnostic methods of jejunal angiosarcoma should be added to abstract.

Answer: Thank the reviewer for the comment. The diagnostic methods of jejunal angiosarcoma was added to abstract.

3) Are there association between hepatitis B and angiosarcoma? If not, authors do not emphasize the infection throughout the report including the title.

Answer: Thank the reviewer for the comment. There are no association between hepatitis B and angiosarcoma. We adopted the reviewer's suggestion and deleted the unnecessary part.

Minor point:

1) Data of MCV, Fe and etc. should be added in the present illness.

Answer: Thank the reviewer for the comment. Data of HB, MCV, MCH, MCHC and Fecal occult blood test were added in the present illness, but there were no other tests before hospitalization. We also added data of MCV, MCH, MCHC, Fe and Fer in the laboratory examinations.

2) The section of "Multidisciplinary expert consultation" is not necessary.

Answer: Thank the reviewer for the comment. We adopted the reviewer's suggestion and deleted the part of "Multidisciplinary expert consultation".

3) How many reports of patients with small intestinal angiosarcoma are published? The data should be added to discussion.

Answer: Thank the reviewer for the comment. Fewer than 70 cases of small intestine angiosarcoma have been reported with only 12 initially presenting as gastrointestinal bleeding. The data was added to discussion.